OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The NATIONAL GAZETTE.

By JONATHAN FREE, *of the Duchy of* Cornwall, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1751. [No. 18.

AS the ſubſequent Declaration, given by *Sidney* on the Day of his *Suffering* to a Friend, is not only a proper but a neceſſary Supplement to our laſt, we make no Apology for it's Publication; for as that ſhort Sketch of his Life brought the Reader acquainted with the *Man*, this ſummary Recapitulation will exhibit as compendious a View of his *Works*.

Men, Brethren, & Fathers; Friends, Countrymen, & Strangers:

IT may be expected, that I ſhould now ſay ſome great Matters to you; but the Rigor of the Seaſon, and the Infirmities of my Age, encreaſed by a cloſe Impriſonment of above Five Months, do not permit me.

Moreover, we live in an Age that makes Truth paſs for Treaſon: I dare not ſay any thing contrary to it, and the Ears of thoſe that are about me will unwillingly be found too tender to hear it. My Trial and Condemnation ſufficiently evidence this.

Weſt, Ramſey, & Keeling, who were brought to prove the Plot*, ſaid no more of me, than that they knew me not; and ſome others, equally unknown to me, had uſed my Name, and that of ſome others, to give little Reputation to their Deſigns. The Lord *Howard* is too infamous by his Life, and the many Perjuries not to be denied, or rather ſworn by himſelf, to deſerve Mention; and, being a ſingle Witneſs†, would be of no value, tho' he had been of unblemiſhed Credit, or had not ſeen and confeſſed, that the Crimes committed by him would be puniſhed only for committing more; and even the Pardon promiſed him could not be obtained, till the Drudgery of Swearing was over.

This being laid aſide, the whole Matter is reduced to the Papers ſaid to be found in my Cloſet by the King's Officers, without any other Proof of their being written by me, than what is taken from Suppoſitions upon the ſimilitude of an Hand that is eaſily counterfeited, and which hath been lately declared, in the Lady *Car*'s Caſe, to be no lawful Evidence in Criminal Caſes.

But, if I had been ſeen to write them, the matter would not have been much altered. They ſeem to appear to relate to a large Treatiſe written long ſince in anſwer to *Filmer*'s Book, which by all intelligent men is thought to be grounded upon falſe Principles, equally pernicious to Magiſtrates and People.

If he might publiſh to the World his Opinion, that all Men are born under a Neceſſity derived from the Laws of God and Nature, to ſubmit to an hereditary kingly Government, which could be reſcinded by no Law, or Oath; and that he that has the Power, whether he came to it by Creation, Election, Inheritance, Uſurpation, or any other Means, had the Right; and none muſt oppoſe his Will, but the Perſons and Eſtates of his Subjects muſt be indiſpenſibly ſubject to it; I know not why I might not have publiſhed my Opinion to the contrary, without the Breach of any Law I have yet known.

I might, as freely as he, publicly have declared my Thoughts, and the Reaſons upon which they were grounded; and I am perſuaded to believe, that God hath left Nations to the Liberty of ſetting up ſuch Governments as beſt pleaſed themſelves.

That Magiſtrates were ſet up for the Good of Nations, not Nations for the Honor and Glory of Magiſtrates.

That the Right and Power of Magiſtrates in every Country was that which the Laws of that Country made it to be.

That thoſe Laws were to be obſerved, and the Oaths taken by them, having the Force of a Contract between Magiſtrate and People, could not be violated without Danger of diſſolving the whole Fabric.

That Uſurpation could give no Right; and the moſt dangerous of all Enemies to Kings were they, who, raiſing their Power to an exorbitant Height, allowed to Uſurpers all the Rights belonging to it.

That, ſuch Uſurpations being ſeldom compaſſed without the Slaughter of the reigning Perſon, or Family, the worſt of all Villainies was thereby rewarded with the moſt glorious Privileges.

That if ſuch Doctrines were received, they would would ſtir up Men to the Deſtruction of Princes with more Violence than all the Paſſions that have hitherto raged in the Hearts of the moſt unruly.

That none could be ſafe, if ſuch Rewards were propoſed to any that could deſtroy them.

That few would be ſo gentle as to ſpare even the beſt, if, by their Deſtruction, a wild Uſurper could become God's Anointed, and, by the moſt execrable Wickedneſs, inveſt himſelf with that pretended divine Character.

This is the Scope of the whole Treatiſe; the Writer gives ſuch Reaſons, as at preſent did occur to him, to prove it. This ſeems to agree with the Doctrines of the moſt reverenced Authors of all Times, Nations and Religions. The beſt and wiſeſt of Kings have ever acknowleged it. The preſent King of France has declared, that Kings have that happy want of Power, that they can do nothing contrary to the Laws of their Country; and grounds his Quarrel with the King of *Spain*, in 1667, upon that Principle. King *James*, in his Speech to the Parliament in 1603, doth in the higheſt degree aſſert it; and the Scripture declares it. If nevertheleſs the Writer was miſtaken, he might have been refuted by Law, Reaſon and Scripture; and no Man for ſuch Matters was ever otherwiſe puniſhed, than by being made to ſee his Error; and it has not (as I think) been ever known, that they had been referred to the Judgment of a Jury, compoſed of Men utterly unable to comprehend them.

But there was little of this in my Caſe. The Extravagance of my Perſecutors goes higher. The above-mentioned Treatiſe was never finiſhed, nor could be in many Years, and moſt probably would never have been. So much as is of it was written long ſince, never reviewed, nor ſhewn to any Man; and the fiftieth Part of it was not produced, and not the tenth of that offered to be read. That which was never known to thoſe who are ſaid to have conſpired with me, was ſaid to be intended to ſtir up the People in Proſecution of the Deſigns of thoſe Conſpirators.

When nothing of particular Application to Time, Place, or Perſon, could be found in it (as has ever been done by thoſe who endeavoured to raiſe Inſurrections) all was ſupplied by Innuendo's.

Whatſoever is ſaid of the Expulſion of *Tarquin*; the Inſurrection againſt *Nero*; the Slaughter of *Caligula*, or *Domitian*; the Tranſlation of the Crown of *France* from *Meroveus*'s Race to *Pepin*, and from his Deſcendents to *Hugh Capet*, and the like, was applied by Innuendo to the King.

They have not conſidered, that, if ſuch Acts of State be not good, there is not a King in the World that has any Title to the Crown he wears; nor can have any, unleſs he could deduce his Pedigree from the eldeſt Son of *Noah*, and ſhew, that the Succeſſion had ſtill continued in the eldeſt of the eldeſt Line, and been ſo deduced to him.

Every one may ſee what Advantage this would be to all the Kings of the World; and whether, that failing, it were not better for them to acknowlege they had received their Crowns by the Conſent of willing Nations, or to have no better Title to them than Uſurpation and Violence; which, by the ſame ways, may be taken from them.

But I was long ſince told, that I muſt die, or the Plot muſt die.

Leſt the Means of deſtroying the beſt Proteſtants in *England* ſhould fail, the Bench muſt be filled with ſuch as had been Blemiſhes to the Bar.

None but ſuch as theſe would have adviſed with the King's Council on the Means of bringing a Man to Death; ſuffered a Jury to be packed by the King's Solicitors, and the Underſheriff; admit of Jurymen who are not Freeholders; receive ſuch Evidence as is above mentioned; refuſe a Copy of an Indictment, or ſuffer the Statute of 46 *Edw.* III. to be read, that doth expreſsly enact, It ſhould in no caſe be denied to any Man, upon any Occaſion whatſoever; over-rule the moſt important Points of Law without hearing. And whereas the Statute, 25 *Edw.* III. upon which they ſaid I ſhould be tried, doth reſerve to the Parliament all Conſtructions to be made in Points of Treaſon, they could aſſume to themſelves not only a Power to make Conſtructions, but ſuch Conſtructions as can neither agree with Law, Reaſon, or Common Senſe.

By theſe means I am brought to this Place.—— The Lord forgive theſe Practices, and avert the Evils that threaten the Nation from them! The Lord ſanctify theſe my Sufferings unto me! and, tho' I fall as a Sacrifice to Idols, ſuffer not Idolatry to be eſtabliſhed in this Land! Bleſs thy People, O Lord, and ſave them. Defend thy own Cauſe, and defend thoſe that defend it. Support the Faint, direct the Willing, confirm the Wavering, but give Wiſdom and Integrity to all. Order all Things ſo as may moſt redound to thine own Glory. Grant that I may die glorifying thee for all thy Mercies; & that at the laſt thou haſt permitted me to be ſingled out as a Witneſs of thy Truth, and even by the Confeſſion of my Oppoſers, for that *Old Cauſe* in which I was from my Youth engaged, and for which thou haſt often and wonderfully declared thyſelf!

Such is the Perſeverance of the true Patriot!— Death may overome, but cannot ſubdue, him; may relieve, but cannot terrify, him. "While he lives, he lives not in vain." His Fervors of Ejaculation, which might be allowed peculiar to the private Dilemma of Nature in ſuch an extreme Criſis, glow more impartially extenſive! They reſpire alike on all — And no ſenſible, humane, and generous Being but will confeſs an Influence from them, tho' perhaps imagined yet no leſs grateful and delighting.

When a Man takes a Retroſpect into thoſe Days of Anarchy and Tyranny, one ſucceeding the other, how will he bleſs himſelf he did not ſhare in the vaſt Ruin!——But then how may he be hereafter curſed, let him alſo conſider, if he neglect to avert to his utmoſt Strength thoſe Meaſures (if any be) which may appear to him productive of the ſame dreadful Ends!

The Perſecution of *Sidney*, the Proſtitution of *Juſtice*, the Erection of Tyranny, and a general Depravity of Manners, were ſome of the diſtinguiſhing Characteriſtics of the *Reſtoration*; but bad as it was, it had the Merit of extinguiſhing a worſe Government, and of ſucceeding an Uſurpation, leſs lawful indeed, but ſcarcely more abſolute and intolerable. The *Revolution*, in like manner, roſe on

---

* Commonly called the Ryehouſe-Plot.

† Two Witneſſes, *by the Statute of* 25 Edw. III. *abſolutely neceſſary to a Conviction of* High Treaſon. *In the preſent caſe*, Jefferies *adjudged the Witneſs (afterwards above deſcribed) to be* one Witneſs, and the Lord Howard *(a notorious Criminal)* the other.

1869

the Ruins of the *Reſtoration*; and that it may not in like manner degenerate, muſt be the genuine Wiſh of every honeſt *Briton*.

To the Freeholders of the County of Eſſex.

THE Electing Mr. Alderman Gaſcoyne *into the Office of Verdurer of the Foreſt of Waltham, has expreſſed how gratefully you acknowledge the affectionate Kindneſs he has always ſhewed for the Trading and Landed Intereſt, which are inſeparable: And what makes it ſtill more pleaſing, this is the firſt popular Election ſince the Bill was brought into Parliament, relating to the Carriers of the Manufacturers' Goods in the different Parts of the Kingdom; and it is not to be doubted but in future Elections (of a higher Concern) that is, in the Counties, Cities, and large Boroughs, particular Care will be taken to reward thoſe who have, by their Actions, evidenced their Zeal to preſerve the Rights and Liberties of their Fellow Subjects; for it is believed, that no one that knows any thing of Trade will deny, that every hardſhip put upon Carriers wounds it in the moſt ſenſible Part; and conſequently when that happens, it muſt equally affect the Landed Intereſt, as well as the Landholder.*

N. B. *In proper Time will be publiſhed, a Liſt of thoſe who voted for and againſt a certain Bill, as well as thoſe who were abſent: Forty-two againſt thirty-eight, to draw with Five inſtead of Four, in all Eighty, tho' the whole Number is above Five Hundred and Forty.*

The Hon. H. W. *Eſq; one of the Citizens of* Norwich, *ſpoke in behalf of the Inland trading Intereſt on Occaſion of that Bill, becoming an honeſt* unbiaſſed Briton.

LONDON.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, July 29,

Orders for the Change of the Mourning for his late Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, on Sunday the 4th of Auguſt next, viz.

The Men to continue in Black, and to wear coloured Swords and Buckles.

The Ladies to wear Black Silk or Velvet, coloured Ribbons, Fans, and Tippets.

There are now four vacant Blue Ribbons, viz. the Prince of Wales, the Dukes of Montagu, Richmond, and St. Alban's.

The Perſons of Quality talked of to have the vacant Garters, are, his Royal Highneſs Prince Edward, the Marquis of Hartington, and the Earls of Lincoln and Northumberland.

Wedneſday their Royal Highneſſes the Prince of Wales, Prince Edward, Princeſs Auguſta, and Princeſs Elizabeth went in a Coach and ſix, attended by a Party of the Horſe Guards, to Kenſington, accompanied with another Coach and ſix, in which were the Biſhop of Norwich, the Earl of Harcourt, and Mrs. Herbert, it being Princeſs Auguſta's Birth Day, whom his Majeſty received with great Affection, and afterwards they all dined with him, there being no Court at Leiceſter Houſe.

There is a Talk that Admiral Hawke will ſoon have the Command of a Squadron of Men of War.

'Tis confidently aſſerted that the French have taken Poſſeſſion of Animaboa, in Africa; that they ſeize all ſuch Britiſh Ships as come near to Martinico; that they certainly have got full Poſſeſſion of Tobago, and the other Neutral Iſlands; and that thirteen Men of War are juſt ſailed out of the Harbour at Breſt, but whether bound is a ſecret to all, except the French Miniſtry.

A great Number of Hands are employed in taking down the Old Royal African Houſe in Leadenhall-ſtreet, in order for the more expeditious building ſeveral ſpacious Warehouſes for the India Company.

Advices from our Buſſes off Shetland, inform us, that their Crews are all alive and merry, occaſioned by their Succeſs in Fiſhing; to which the Premiums of 30 l. 20 l. 15 l. Sterling muſt have greatly contributed; as is particularly evident from the various Premiums eſtabliſhed in France, Ireland, &c. The Sloop of War is with our Fleet of Fiſhermen. The Dutch have had near 300 Buſſes fiſhing this Seaſon.

Monday his Grace George Duke of St. Alban's was choſen, by the Majority of the Corporation of New Windſor, Lord High Steward, in the room of his late Grace Charles Duke of St. Alban's, to the General Satisfaction of the principal Inhabitants of that Town.

On Saturday Evening about ſix o'Clock died, of an Abſceſs on his Lungs, at his Houſe in St. James's Place in the 56th Year of his Age, the Moſt Noble Charles Duke of St. Albans, Earl of Burford, and Baron of Heddington; Governor of Windſor Caſtle, Maſter Falconer of England, one of the Lords of the Bedchamber to his Majeſty, Lord Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the County of Berks, Principal Regiſter of the Court of Chancery, and a Knight of the Moſt Noble Order of the Garter. Yeſterday ſe'nnight his Grace was judged by his Phyſicians to have ſtrength ſufficient to ſupport the Fatigues of a Journey to the Hot Wells at Briſtol, every thing neceſſary being in readineſs for that Purpoſe; but being ſeized with a violent Fit of Coughing on Saturday in the Forenoon, produced a Diſcharge of a great Quantity of Blood, which occaſioned his Death. His Grace's Son, now Duke of St. Alban's, is on his Travels.

His Grace was eldeſt Son of Charles Beauclerc (eldeſt natural Son of King Charles II by Mrs. Eleonor Gwin, and firſt Duke of St. Alban's) by the Lady Diana Vere, eldeſt Daughter and Coheir to Aubrey de Vere, the twentieth and laſt Earl of Oxford, of that noble Family, whereof Alberic, their direct Anceſtor, is mentioned in Doomſday Book to be an Earl in the Time of Edward the Confeſſor. His Grace was born the 6th of April 1696. And on the 11th of May 1720, ſucceeded his Father in his Honours.

Laſt Saturday, at York Aſſize, a ſort of a French ſtrolling Doctor, who had taken up his Abode, for near ſix Months in a Village not far from Richmond, and there began to practiſe, brought his Action againſt a Farmer for Buſineſs done for his Family, and in Court produced the following Bill.

13 *Dec.* 1750. *Mr.* W. Allen, *of Leyburn, Debtor to Mr.* Turner *Surgeon.*

To Elixir of Life	0	10	6
To Phyſique	0	8	0
To Univerſale Balſams	2	9	2
To Alexitereales Medicaments	3	7	6
To Eſcharotiques ditto	2	8	4
To Maturetifs ditto	4	9	6
To Paregoriques ditto	3	6	9
To Abſorbans ditto	4	9	6
To Analeptiques ditto	4	9	6
To Patheretiques ditto	6	10	0½
To Incarnatifs ditto	6	11	2
To Cataleptiques ditto	4	10	6
To Attendance ſince the 19th of Auguſt to the 8th of December, 1750	5	10	0
	49	0	5½

The Trial, which was a very diverting one, laſted about three Hours; when the Jury gave the Doctor ſix Guineas.

Laſt Tueſday Evening the Aſſizes ended at Hereford, when Edward Mead for a Burglary, and Thomas Colley, for the Murder of Ruth Oſborne, at Tring, received Sentence of Death.

It appears on the Trial of Colley, which laſted many Hours, that ſome of the Neighbours thinking the Deceaſed was a Witch, and her Husband, John Oſborne, they had it cried in three Market Towns that they were to be ducked on Monday the 22d of April laſt in Tring, which brought together a Mob of 10000 People, who went to the Workhouſe to demand the poor Wretches, and, not finding them there, pulled down Part of the Houſe, and was going to Fire what was ſtanding; but being informed that the Man and Woman were in the Veſtry Room adjoining to the Church, they went there broke it open, ſeized and ſtript them, and tied their Thumbs and Great Toes together, then tied them up in two ſheets, and carried them to Marlſton Meer, in the Pariſh of Tring, where the poor old Woman, aged ſeventy, expired, by Suffocation in the Mud and Water, the Meer not being above three Foot deep.

Edward Mead was reprieved before the Judge left the Town and Thomas Colley is ordered for execution, purſuant to his Sentence.

The Trial of Henry Worſter, indicted for being concerned in the ſaid Riot, and who was alſo in Cuſtody, was put off 'till next Aſſizes.

There are many more of the Perſons indicted for being concerned in the ſaid cruel Affair, and Warrants are iſſued out for apprehending them.

At the Aſſizes at Northampton, one Perſon was capitally convicted, viz. John Price for a Burglary.

At the Aſſizes at Oakham in Rutland, only two Perſons were tried, and ordered to be whipped.

Letters from Farnham in Surry, mention that there is a very bad Appearance of a Crop of Hops this Year; and a kind of Blight or Mildew has hurt them greatly; nevertheleſs it is hoped the Price of them next Seaſon will not exceed Ten Pounds per Cent.

Monday Morning between One and Two o'Clock the Poſt Boy with the Weſtern Mail was ſtopt on Blackwater Heath, by a ſingle Highwayman, of a middle Stature, who took from him the Mail, and charged him not to ſtir 'till he (the Highwayman) was out of Sight, or he would blow his Brains out; which the Boy complyed with, and then came forwards to London; in the Way he found two of the Bags, viz. Andover and Sherbone, and brought them to the Office; and about Six in the Evening the Honiton and Tiverton Bags were alſo brought to the ſame Place.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight a Maid Servant who was left in a Gentleman's Houſe in Bond-ſtreet, going up to the Leads, was ſurprized by five or ſix Perſons there, who had the Appearance of Ruffians, which frighted the Maid ſo much, that ſhe run down into the Street, and called in the Aſſiſtance of the Neighbours; but before they could get to the Roof of the Houſe to ſeize the Villains, they had all made their Eſcape. This may ſerve to ſhew how dangerous it is to truſt a Houſe to the Care of one Servant only, for thoſe Fellows have Intelligence what Families are out of Town, and what Number of Perſons are left for the Protection of the Houſe.

The Night of the ſame Day, a Man pretty well dreſſed, was taken up by the Watch for a Riot in the Street, and carried to the Round Houſe; next Morning he was examined before the Worſhipful Juſtice Fielding, when he behaved with great Rudeneſs and Indecency, frequently uttering profane Oaths, for each of which he was fined; and it is remarkable, that before the Examination was concluded, the Fines for ſwearing amounted to ten Pounds.

Saturday Morning early ſome Fellows committed the moſt extraordinary Robbery ever known. They broke through a Wall a Brick and a half thick, and after that took off a Window Shutter with Iron Bars of the Riſing Sun, in Mary le Bone Church-yard, and entered the Houſe and ſtripped it of Pewter, Braſſes and Linnen, which they carried off undiſcovered, though ten Perſons inhabited the Houſe at the ſame Time.

Monday an old Woman going through Long Acre with a Little Child in her Hand, which, from its being dreſſed very clean, was ſuſpected not to be her own, was ſtopt, and it being demanded of her where ſhe was carrying it, ſhe ſaid, the Mother who lived near the Seven Dials, gave her Leave to take it with her, and that ſhe would fetch the Mother if they miſtruſted her, and accordingly went away on that Pretence, but never returned. The Child, who is about three Years old, can give no other Account of its Friends, than that her Father was a Shoemaker.

Laſt Sunday Morning as Mr. Walker, a Diſſenting Miniſter, Maſter of the Academy at Plaiſtere Hall, in Addle-ſtreet was going to Kingſtown, he was ſtopt on Putney Heath by two Highwaymen who robbed him of a Guinea and ſome Silver. He had a Watch and two Rings, which they refuſed, but they told him they hoped he thought that he was very civilly uſed.

On Monday a Gentlewoman, returning from Paddington, met with a Fellow, ſeemingly a Cripple, who begged Charity of her; but doing it in a Tone a little more rude than uſual, ſurprized her very much, and being thereupon apprehenſive of Danger, began to mend her Pace; which the Fellow perceiving, he changed immediately his beggar ſtrain to that of demanding her Money, and pulling out a long Knife ſwore he would kill her, unleſs ſhe delivered what ſhe had about her; on which ſhe gave him Half a Guinea, and ſome Silver, being all ſhe had; but that not contenting him, he took alſo her Capuchin, and made off acroſs the Fields with great ſpeed towards Kilburn.

Laſt Sunday as ſome Company were viſiting at Mr. Flemming's in Mount-ſtreet, a little Miſs who was one of the Company, and a little Boy belonging to Mr. Flemming, were at Play while the Company were at Tea; the Boy found a Piſtol in the Beaufet, and ſaid he would ſhoot her, and accordingly fired it off, and ſhot the Girl in the Shoulder, of which wound ſhe died on Monday Night; and Wedneſday the Jury ſat on the Body and brought in their Verdict Accidental Death.

On Sunday laſt a Man who had formerly been at Sea, and then lived at Hammerſmith, was ſuddenly taken ill, after eating a hearty Dinner; an Apothecary was called, who declared that he had been poiſoned, as his Body was ſwelled to an extraordinary Bulk, and that the Poiſon had been mixed with his Victuals. The Man's Life is deſpaired of, and there is a violent ſuſpicion that ſome Perſon very nearly connected with him, was the Contriver and Executer of this ſcheme, in order to deſtroy him.

We hear that a Jager arrived laſt Tueſday in the River, with a Cargo of Britiſh Herrings from Shetland; and that Preſents were immediately diſpatch'd by the Society to his Majeſty, and his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, Governor.

Monday a melancholy Accident happened at a Gentleman's Houſe in the New Buildings: A Maid Servant being in the Chamber making a Bed, a little Boy about eight Years of Age came up, and ſeeing a Piſtol in the Cloſet, took it up, and preſenting to the Maid in order to frighten her, it unhappily went off, and ſhot her in ſo dangerous a Manner that her Life is deſpaired of.

Tueſday a Man in a Chair drove over a Child in Brewer-ſtreet who with the Bruiſes died in leſs than half an Hour. The ſurprize this Accident occaſioned, gave Time for the Man to make his Eſcape unknown.

At the Aſſizes at St. Edmund's Bury, John Baker, John Cunningham, Robert Clark, alias Plunder, and Thomas Brooks were capitally convicted, and received Sentence of Death.

At the Aſſizes at Bedford, two Perſons received Sentence of Death, viz. William Bedding for a Burglary, and William Wilſon, formerly a Butcher in Clare Market, for a Highway Robbery, when the former was reprieved before the Judge left the Town, and Wilſon ordered for Execution this Day.

At the Aſſizes held at Huntingdon ſeven Priſoners were tried, two of whom were ordered for Tranſportation, viz. William Achard, for robbing Mr. Pye of a Watch, out of his Dwelling Houſe, Matthew Hunt for ſtealing twenty Braſs Candleſticks, the Property of Richard Eades, Eſq; three were acquitted and three ordered to be whipped.

At the Aſſizes at Salisbury, for the County of Wilts, only one Perſon was capitally convicted, viz.

James Bryan, for ſtealing Goods out of the ſhop of Mr. Davis in Salisbury.

Thomas Richardſon, a Gambler, was found guilty of defrauding James Pinker, a Farmer and Grazier, of 115 l. at pricking at the Belt, at the Role and Crown Inn at Twyford, and ſentenced to ſtand in the Pillory the two following Market Days at Salisbury, and a Fortnight after, before the Red Role and Crown Inn; to be impriſoned 'till he finds two ſuch Perſons as the Court ſhall approve of, to be bound in 50 l. each, for his good Behaviour, and himſelf in 200 l.

At the Aſſizes at Stafford, David Croſsley and John Fletcher Houſebreaking, and John Wakefield, for Horſeſtealing, removed from Warwick, were capitally convicted.

Samuel Higgins, Stephen Higgins, and Thomas Higgins, concerned in a Riot at Wallſal the 29th of May, 1749, have given Bail to appear at the King's Bench Bar the firſt Day of next Term. No Bill was found againſt the Perſons for attempting to pull down a Meeting Houſe that was building there; but we hear they are to pay the Sum of 10 l. and the Building is to be erected at a farther Diſtance from the Church.

Mr. Taylor, a Clergyman, was tried on an Information for writing and publiſhing a ſcandalous Libel on the Government, which was a Letter to recommend a Perſon who was at the Battle of Preſtonpans and Culloden, in Order that ſuch Perſon, for the traiterous Merits mentioned in the Letter, might aſk Alms of People who were thought to be diſaffected to his Majeſty's Perſon and Government. The Trial laſted from 6 o'Clock on Saturday Morning 'till 7 in the Evening: The Jury were out near 3 Hours, and then found the Defendant Guilty.

The Hon. Baron Clive, who was Judge on the Circuit, after repreſenting to the Defendant, in the moſt affecting Terms the Heineouſneſs of the Offence, the Breach of thoſe ſolemn Oaths the Defendant had taken, and the evil Tendency of ſuch Practices, pronounced the following ſentence: That the Defendant be impriſoned two Years, pay a Fine of 300 l. and give ſecurity for his good Behaviour ſeven Years; himſelf in a Recognizance of 500 l. and two Sureties in 500 l. each. And

A Perſon, ſaid to be a Diſſenter, went into a Bakehouſe, in hopes they would drink the Pretender's Health, that he might inform againſt them for High Treaſon. He led the Way, by drinking it firſt himſelf, whereupon the Company broke up and informed againſt him; and at this Aſſizes he was ſentenced to be impriſoned ſix Months.

On Wedneſday Joſhua Hawkins, the Butcher of Croſs, beat his Antogoniſt, Charles Johnſon, a Wolverhampton Butcher at Broughton's Amphitheatre, in twenty Minutes. Before the Battle Joſhua Hawkins fought a Battle in the Fields for Guineas to four Guineas, and beat there

The eight Malefactors executed, laſt Monday, behaved with great Decency. Three of them died Roman Catholics. Brown who ſuffered for Forgery, had the greateſt Appearance of Contrition. He had a good Education, and for the greateſt Part of his Life was a Man of a very fair Character.

Monday one of the Wives of the Malefactors who was executed, was carried before a Juſtice, for riotous Proceedings in the ſtreet, and diſreſpectful Expreſſions towards the Government, and committed to Bridewell. The melancholy Fate of her Husband had rendered her quite frantic.

The following Paragraph will be in this Paper the laſt Saturday of every Month.

Mr. Keith perceiving by the News-Papers, it has been artfully inſinuated, that his Chapel in May-Fair is removed lower down, this is to ſatisfy the Public, that the Chapel ſet up in the Sun Tavern One Pair of Stairs, is not Mr. Keith's; but Mr. Keith's Chapel continues where it was before, namely, within Ten Yards of the Great Chapel, where the Marriages are performed by a regular Clergyman for a Guinea 'till Four o'Clock as uſual, with a Licenceon a Five Shilling Stamp, and Certificate.

July 29, 1751.

GENERAL POST-OFFICE.

WHEREAS the Poſt-Boy bringing the Weſt Mail to this Office, was this Morning, between One and Two of the Clock, on Black Water Heath, *attacked and robbed, by a ſingle Highwayman, mounted on a Brown Horſe or Mare, who took out of the ſaid Mail, and carried off the following Bags of Letters,* viz.

Plymouth,	Honiton,	Blandford,
Exeter,	Tiverton,	Lyme,
Truro,	Crewkerne,	Axminſter,
St. Columb,	Taunton,	Bridport,
Bodmin,	Wellington,	Wimborne,
Camelford,	Minehead,	Chriſtchurch,
Oakhampton,	Chard,	Pool,
Barnſtaple,	Ilminſter,	Cranburn,
Totneis,	Shaftsbury,	Fordingbridge,
Aſhburton,	Salisbury,	Ringwood,
Dartmouth,	Dorcheſter,	Baſingſtoke &
Launceſton,	Weymouth,	Whitchurch.

The Perſon who committed this Robbery, was a middle ſized Man, and had on a brown Duffil Surtout Coat, and rode on a Brown Horſe or Mare, about fourteen Hands high.

This, therefore, is to give Notice, That whoever ſhall apprehend and convict, or cauſe to be apprehended and convicted, the Perſon who committed this Robbery, will be entitled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, *over and above the Reward given by Act of Parliament, for apprehending of Highwaymen: Or if any Perſon, or Perſons, whether Accomplice in the ſaid Robbery, or knowing thereof, ſhall make Diſcovery, whereby the Perſon, who committed the ſame, may be apprehended and brought to Juſtice, ſuch Diſcoverer or Diſcoverers will, upon Conviction of the Party, be intitled to the ſame Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, and alſo have his Majeſty's moſt gracious Pardon.*

By Command of the Poſt-Maſter-General,
GEORGE SHELVOKE, *Secretary.*

The Univerſal Family MEDICINE,
Being a perfect and Speedy Cure for the SCURVY.

Still more and more fam'd, after upwards of Twenty Years Succeſs, with the Publick,

Is ſold by the Author's Appointment, now only at Mr Sandwell's Toy-ſhop, the Sign of the Griffin, the Corner of Bucklersbury, in the Poultry, London; and by Mr. Martin, at the Sign of the Duke of Cumberland, in Cranbourn-Alley near Leiceſter Fields, 3s. the Bottle Retail.

It is to be taken at any Seaſon of the Year, and is ſo very agreeable to Young and Old, that Children take it without Trouble, a few Drops being a Doſe; and ſo Gentle, that it weakens not the moſt Aged; for it is a ſafe and effectual Alterative, if taken in a leſs Doſe than is neceſſary for Purging.

It is in particular,

A Certain and infallible Cure for the SCURVY, tho' of the longeſt Standing, and attended with the moſt aggravated Circumſtances, (a Diſtemper ſo common to Engliſh People that great Numbers are ſolely afflicted with it, and not one in a thouſand is wholly exempt from it) being a Cordial Elixir peculiar adapted to that Diſeaſe in all its Forms of appearing, from the ſlighteſt itching Humour in the Blood, to it's utmoſt or laſt Efforts on Human Nature.

For it is a true Specifick Cordial, that perfectly cures that Diſtemper by gentle Evacuation, by Stool and Urine, the only ſure and effectual Way perfectly to cure the Scurvy, &c. and prevent Relapſes. It ſo powerfully rectifies the Blood and Juices, that ſcrophulous Caſes are alſo ſpeedily cured by it, and all Spots, Blotches, Pimples, &c. on the Skin, are quickly and entirely taken off, the Patients made lively and brisk, many chronick Diſeaſes prevented, and a due State of Health ſecured.

It removes all Pain in the Stomach, helps Digeſtion, it is the beſt Medicine in the World to deſtroy Worms in Children or grown People, and prevent their Return; for it ſcours away all thoſe ropy, viſcid Humours which breed them in their Bowels, and is ſo well adapted to all Conſtitutions, that it is deſervedly eſteem'd the moſt generally Family Medicine that ever was known.

Good Allowance is given Wholeſale by Mr Sandwell for ready Money, to Country Shopkeepers, &c. to ſell again. This Medicine will keep good many Years in any Climate. The printed Directions given with it are large and full.

It is not ſold by Mr. Hildyard in York.

BANKRUPT.

Benjamin Rice, of the Pariſh of Rotherhith, in the County of Surry, Tallow Chandler.

An immediate and never failing Cure for DEAFNESS, *Thickneſs of Hearing, Noiſe or Pain in the Ears, &c.*

BY a noble Chymical Preparation, the moſt excellent Medicine for this Purpoſe that ever was known, far exceeding all Things ever yet publiſh'd, or made Uſe of; its Virtues are beyond Expreſſion, and cannot be truly known but by Experience: Words come ſhort of its juſt Praiſe.

It is a certain, and, as it were, an infant Cure for Deafneſs, Thickneſs of Hearing, Noiſe or Pain in the Ears from what Cauſe ſoever, or of ever ſo long ſtanding, having cur'd vaſt Numbers of Perſons of both Sexes and all Ages, that have been in a Manner totally deaf, after all other Means and Medicines, external and internal, by Advice, and alſo by Publication, have fail'd, with the greateſt Eaſe and Safety, and to their utmoſt Satisfaction and Wonder; for

In a peculiar Manner, it ſtrengthens, ſoftens and looſens the Drum of the Ear, which by being dry'd or ſhrivell'd, is often the firſt and chief Cauſe of every Complaint of want of Hearing, or of Noiſe or Pain in the Ears, &c. to remedy all which, this noble Medicine is a true Specifick that never fails perfectly to cure all poſſibly curable Caſes, after all other Means and Medicines have utterly fail'd, which is more than can be ſaid of any other Thing in the whole World beſides itſelf, Any Cold in the Head, or any Hurt by congeal'd Matter in the Ears, it inſtantly cures.

It is ſold for 3 s. 6 d each Bottle, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, (Mr Richards being dead) by Mrs Stephens, a Milliner, at the Sign of the Blue Ball, near the Middle Temple-Gate in Fleet-ſtreet; and no where elſe in England.

MR. R. NELSON, being well known to have made the Cure of Semina and Genital Imbecilities his chief Study and Practice of above thirty Years, does recommend his moſt Noble Cleanſing and Strengthning ELIXIR, which thouſands of People have experienced, to be the only BALSAMICK HEALING RESTORING Medicine in the World.

For Gleets and Weakneſſes,

THE Bane of Virility in the one Sex, and Deſtroyer of Fertility in the other, whether from ill cur'd Venereal Infections (than which nothing is more common) or from inordinate Coition, or Self-Pollution (that curſed School Wickedneſs, which ſpoils all our Youth, by nipping their Manhood in the Bud) or from involuntary Emiſſions a Nights in the Sleep, or in the Day Time upon Stool or with the Urine, or from Falls, Blows, Strains, Wrenches, or the like, which drain and dry up the Seminals, and wither, as it were the Generative Faculities, cauſing Impotency in Men, the Fluor Albus, and Barrenneſs in Women, (or but a weakly, ſickly Offspring if any) and in the long Run (by impoveriſhing the Blood and Spirits) Melancholy, Vapours, Decays of Nature, and Conſumptions.

No Medicine can be more pleaſant to take, nor any Thing upon Earth more effectual for the Purpoſe, for let the Imbecility be ever ſo great, or of ever ſo long ſtanding, and be either in the Parts Spermatick Veſſels, or Back, with Pain, or without, it certainly Cures, by reviving and enriching the Blood and Spirits, comforting, nouriſhing, and repleniſhing the Reins and Seminals, and ſtrengthning and reſtoring the Genital Parts in both Sexes, how much ſoever weakned, rendred cold, or deadned, and bringing them to their natural Force, Warmth, and Vigour, by thickening and fertilizing the Seed which before was thin, wateriſh, or yellowiſh, and conſequently inſufficient, either for Procreation or the Act of it.

All Diſorders of the Urine, as Difficulty in the making or retaining it, or its dribling away, hot or ſmarting, or foul, ſlimy, thready, greaſy or ſlinking, whether from Gravel, Stone, Scurvy, or a Venereal Cauſe are likewiſe ſpeedily cured by it, and the Water made to be held as ſtrongly, and yet brought away as freely, eaſily, full ſtream'd, and clear as ever.

Price 5 s. a Bottle. Prepared by the aboveſaid Author, and ſold only) ſealed up with Directions how to take it) at Mr. Corbett's Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleet-Street, and by Henry Cook; under the Royal-Exchange, asking only for a 5 s. Bottle of Elixir.

The True Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS *the moſt Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, ſubſtantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barrenneſs *in Women; and is eaſily preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A FEW Drops of it only, gives ſuch a generous Warmth, and ſo exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senſes, and Nerves, as ſoon to ſhew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Deſire, but alſo furniſhes proper Matter, for the Support and Eſtabliſhment of a true laſting Inclination and Power.

By this Means it anſwers the End as well of Food as Phyſick; nor is there any thing in Nature beſides, that can in that Reſpect come up to it conſidering that it univerſally nouriſhes and reſtores in all the Declenſions of Deſire and Vigour, without the leaſt forcing the Veſſels, or ſtimulating the Parts, as moſt other Medicines for theſe Purpoſes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Phyſick, that SINE CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, that is, in itſelf, is ſo ſufficiently nutritious as to want no Aſſiſtance that Way; not but it muſt be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cannot but in ſome Degree at leaſt as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furniſh Matter and create Deſire, but alſo true Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Teſtes) and gives an Elaſtick Springineſs to the Muſculi Erectores Penis in Men, and correct, cleanſes, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb, in Women, the Lankneſs and Laxity of the former, and the Foulneſs, Coldneſs, or Obſtruction of the latter, being more the Cauſe of Impotency or Infertility, in theſe Sexes, and Indifference or Sterility in the other, than any Thing elſe beſides; and that it is Balſamick, and greatly Reſtorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have many Inſtances in Phyſical Writings, of Perſons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weakneſſes, by a continued Uſe of the common Preparations of Vipers, which this Quinteſſence, by being of vaſtly more Efficacy, brings but in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Thoſe who but once try it, will ſo pleaſantly experience its nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is ſuch a preſent Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Doſe or two more of it than ordinary, it will ſo inſtantaneouſly animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up and actuate the ſluggiſh enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected, and at the ſame Time ſeldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourſe Prolifick. Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Bottles, being lately dead, it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon a Baker, at the Seven Stars in Vere-Street, Clare-Market, ſealed up with Directions (for any Meſſenger) upon asking for only a Bottle of Quinteſſence.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY *and all Scorbutic Humours, tho' arrived to the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without a sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Diforder whatever, dont once ſtrike at the true Cauſe of the Scurvy and entirely deſtroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again, as many Thouſands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almoſt inſtantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, ſweeten all the Fluids cleanſe them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Botches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakneſs of the Limbs, languid Heavineſs of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakneſs of the Back, and all the vaſt Variety of ſymptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatiſm, and many other Diſtempers.

And for ſtrengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, cauſing a regular and eaſy Digeſtion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, (whence proceed Head-Achs Vapours, and other Indiſpoſitions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, inſomuch that beſides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they aſſuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickneſs in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almoſt all other Chronick Diſeaſes, which are chiefly occaſioned by Indigeſtion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illneſſes.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reſtorative, ſtrengthen and erect the whole Machine, and as ſoon as taken, make the Patient pleaſantly lightſome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Perſons, to preſerve as well as to procure a ſound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS have ſo univerſally gain'd among Perſons of Eminence, for their ſuddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diſeaſes, in ſuch an eaſy and agreeable Manner, have occaſioned many to imitate them, ſome under the ſame, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be ſure to have the Right, which, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories at 3s. 6d Bottle, with Directions.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY OF IMPOTENCY in MEN, *whether occaſioned, by* Pollutio ſui, *Seminal Weakneſſes of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And alſo

Of BARRENNESS in WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weakneſſes, Coldneſs of Conſtitution, or any other Cauſe whatever.*

The Famous and Ineſtimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The higheſt, richeſt, and moſt powerful Cordial in Nature, is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impotency in Men and Barrenneſs in Women, in the Univerſe, and which it at once accompliſhes without the leaſt Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thouſands have Experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raiſing all the Fluids from their languid depreſſed State, to one more florid and ſparkling, opening all Obſtructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreaſing the Animal Spirits, reſtoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently reſtabliſhing the crispy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moiſture, and thereby invigorating it in ſuch a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by thoſe who have experienced how exceedingly and ſuddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully ſtrengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Diſpoſition baniſhes Melancholy, and inſpires Mirth and Gladneſs of Heart beyond Expreſſion.

Abundance of Ladies, who for ſeveral Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by faſt living, Strains, or Self Abuſes, had render'd themſelves incapable of Procreation, have ſoon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, inſomuch, that very many illuſtrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almoſt inconſolable, are now bleſt with happy Iſſue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It reſtifies all Diſorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digeſtion, and in all Weakneſs of Body, or Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, is a moſt infallible Reſtorative, and even ſeems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it ſelf.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleaſant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories at 5s. a Bottle, ſealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

The So-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, ſo as never to return again, be they ever ſo ſevere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual, and that by immediately ſtriking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as remedying the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels; which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Conſent of Parts, affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troubleſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; at other times, Fits, flaſhing Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other, almoſt innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miſerably afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle, and, of courſe, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are tho roughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions, and advice at large.

GLEETS and SEMINAL WEAKNESSES,

SO deſtructive to the Conſtitution, and ruinous not only to the unhappy Individual labouring under them, by draining away the Radical Moiſture or very Eſſence of Life, and inducing Conſumptions, Nervous Diſorders, &c. but to Poſterity alſo, inaſmuch as thoſe afflicted with ſuch Gleetings, if not wholy diſabled, as very many are, from propagating their Species, are yet render'd incapable of begetting any other than puny, miſerable, and ſhort-liv'd Iſſue.

Theſe waſting Gleetings, occaſion'd by Self-pollution, exceſſive Venery, ſevere Purging for Venereal Injuries, or by violent Strains, &c. and which have been deem'd by almoſt all Phyſicians and Surgeons to be ſo very difficult to overcome, are now ſo certainly known to be directly, and in a manner at once perfectly cur'd by the Grand Reſtrictive Balſamick Electuary, that no one, how bad ſoever, need deſpair of being entirely ſet to Rights by it in a few Days.

It is from this its moſt extraordinary Efficacy, that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country now ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only ſure and infallible Remedy that can be ſafely rely'd upon in thoſe Caſes. The Price of this Grand Medicine is 6s. a Pot, ſeal'd up, with a Book of Inſtructions, highly neceſſary to be read by all Perſons whoever were afflicted with any Diſorder of the Seminal Veſſels or neighbouring Parts.

Note, This fam'd Balſamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceaſed) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balſamic Electuary. No Letters anſwer'd unleſs Poſt-paid.

To Perſons of either Sex,

Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS ſo frequent as of late they have been, nor have the uſual Remedies been found adequate to thoſe pertinacious Diſtempers: This occaſioned a Phyſician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palſy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vaſt Numbers of Perſons of both Sexes, and always with ſurprizing Succeſs even ſo as infallibly to cure by it the Palſy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Diſorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that ſo thoſe labouring under theſe miſerable Ailments might know where to meet with a ſafe and moſt certain Cure, which it accompliſhes in ſo ſhort a Time, and with ſuch Eaſe and Pleaſure (a few Drops of it being a Doſe, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almoſt incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonſtrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients ſoon finds all Numbneſs, Deadneſs, and ſhaking, or Reſolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulſive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vaniſh and return no more, and this, though theſe Diſeaſes have been of many Years ſtanding, and whether occaſioned by long Illneſs, faſt Living, hard drinking, or any other Cauſe; for it performs all that can be wiſhed for in Nervous Caſes, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digeſtion, occaſions laudable Chyle, attennuates the Blood and Juices, cauſes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Veſſels, revives and increaſes the Spirits, warms, comforts, ſtrengthens, and repleniſhes the Brain and whole Nervous Syſtem, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs reſtored to their priſtine Steadineſs and Strength, and the Palſy and all Paralitick Diſorders and Nervous Decays ſuddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themſelves, and all about them.

This ſovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be ſold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 5s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON.

THE only ſhort and moſt infallible CURE in the Univerſe for the *Venereal Diſeaſe* from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever ſo ſevere, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and ſo effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a ſeminal Gleet, Weakneſs, to happen on the other.

And the moſt inveterate Degree of the *French Illneſs*, attended with nocturnal Pains, univerſal Breakings-out, and all other the moſt ſeparated Symptoms, are ſoon overcome by it, and effectually and much more ſafely cured than by Salivation, Inungations, or any other Method whatever, and in ſo eaſy and pleaſant a Manner, without impeding Strength, or occaſioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to beſpeak it the only appoſite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this ſome Thouſands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleaſant to take, occaſions no Sickneſs or Diſorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accompliſhed without the Knowledge of the neareſt Friend.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received an Injury may, by only a Doſe or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehenſions; for it ſuffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, eaſy, and effectual Manner.

All ſuch, likewiſe, as doubt they have ſome remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doſes of it, entirely free themſelves from all Suſpicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Fouleſs, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Fouleſſes of the Skin, or fiſtulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by a Doſe than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this moſt noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but ſix Shillings a Pot, which, conſidering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being ſufficient, in moſt Caſes, to accompliſh the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, in the Peruſal of which all Perſons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may perfectly underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poiſon* is extirpated root and branch out of their Bodies.

Note, This Grand Anti-Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceaſed) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. *Ask only for a 6 Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters anſwer'd, unleſs Poſt-paid.*

SUGAR PLUMS, for WORMS, &c.

THE moſt Curious Purge, for any Body Where A Fine Purge is Wanted, being as Innocent & Safe, as a Little RHEUBARB, &c.

12d. a Dozen.—Or may buy but ONE Single PLUM, for A PENNY, with Directions, Which is Enough, to bring Away WORMS, &c. from a CHILD.

Or, 2, 3, 4, Or, Half a Dozen, Or, what You Pleaſe.—Or THREE Dozen for Half a Crown,

To KEEP *in* a FAMILY.

Or to give away,——Or Sell again, And Return what is not Sell.

To be Had at Mr. Burchell's, At the ANODYNE NECKLACE, in LONG ACRE, Next Drury Lane, London.

Where are likewiſe to be had The ORIGINAL AUTHOR'S

ANODYNE NECKLACE Price 5s. ſingle, and Allowance by the dozen to ſell again.

And Alſo the Famous Gum-opening Remedy to let out

CHILDRENS TEETH Preſently without Pain, and by Ruſhing it's Gums, Delight the Child,

There not being ſuch Another Help for them, this Day in the World againſt Eaſily to have their TEETH.——Price Only SIX Pence, with Directions. Or SIX Parcels for Half a Crown.

AS Mr. Burchell is the ONLY Perſon that Furniſhes Shopkeepers and Others throughout the Kingdom with the ORIGINAL Author's Famous ANODYNE NECKLACES, Sugar Plums, &c Remedies in ſecret Caſes,

So, Any Necklaces, &c, If not had from LONG ACRE Are made up in IMITATION of the Original Author's.

Which are removed to Long Acre from Temple Bar, And, He

NONE of His Necklaces Sold, BEHIND the ROYAL EXCHANGE.

Where He has no Manner of Dealings At A

LONDON: Printed for H. MORGAN, in *Red-lion-court, Fleet-ſtreet.*

Where Advertiſements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.